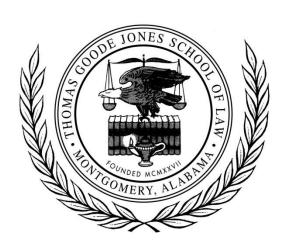
## FAULKNER UNIVERSITY'S JONES SCHOOL OF LAW



# CURRICULUM GUIDEBOOK

**FALL 2007** 

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## **Handbook Purpose**

The purpose of this handbook is to assist students in making selections for elective course offerings. The Law School is pleased to be able to offer a wide variety of electives. With careful selection and sequencing a student can maximize his or her educational experience and be better prepared for law practice. This handbook is only a guide and should be used as a supplement to the student handbook, not a replacement.

## **Law School's Mission**

As part of the Faulkner University community, the School of Law shares Faulkner University's mission to glorify God by embracing academic excellence and emphasizing a strong commitment to integrity within a caring Christian environment.

In its efforts to fulfill this mission, the School of Law endeavors to:

- Provide an excellent legal education in which the faculty engages students in a challenging learning experience designed to promote the students' competent and ethical participation in the legal profession;
- Promote a Christian environment that encourages all members of the law school community to use their abilities to advance the legal profession and benefit society;
- Attract, develop, and retain a highly competent and diverse faculty devoted to teaching, community service, and scholarly research and writing;
- Attract a qualified and diverse student body while providing an opportunity for non-traditional students to pursue a career in the legal profession;
- Provide students with meaningful resources and experiences such as individual
  academic advising and support, career counseling, and clinical and externship
  opportunities, designed to prepare them for their roles as competent and ethical
  members of the legal profession;
- Contribute to discussion of the relationship between faith, learning, and the law;
   and,
- Regularly reassess the program of legal education through on-going strategic planning to assure continual quality and improvement of the program.

## **Graduation Requirements**

A student shall earn the J.D. degree upon satisfying the following requirements:

- (1) The successful completion of 90 semester hours of offerings, which shall include successful completion of all required courses;
- (2) Satisfaction of the Rigorous Writing Requirement and Professional Skills Requirement;
- (3) A cumulative grade point average of at least 2.00; and
- (4) The completion of six semesters in residence (or the equivalent) if a full-time student or eight semesters in residence (or the equivalent) if a part-time student.

## **REQUIRED COURSES**

## **FULL-TIME**

1 <sup>st</sup> Year Fall Semester		1 <sup>st</sup> Year Spring Semester	
CIVIL PROCEDURE I	3	CIVIL PROCEDURE II	2
CONTRACTS I	3	CONTRACTS II	3
LEGAL RESEARCH & WRITING I	3	LEGAL RESEARCH & WRITING II	3 3 2 3
PROPERTY I	3	PROPERTY II	3
TORTS I	3	TORTS II	2
		CRIMINAL LAW	3
TOTAL HOURS	15	TOTAL HOURS	<u></u>
2 <sup>ND</sup> YEAR FALL SEMESTER		2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Spring Semester	
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW I	3	CONSTITUTIONAL LAW II	3
EVIDENCE	4	BUSINESS ASSOCIATIONS	4
ELECTIVES	7-9	PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY ELECTIVE(S)	3 4-6
		ELECTIVE(3)	<del></del>
TOTAL HOURS	14-16	TOTAL HOURS	14-16
3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Fall Semester		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Spring Semester	
REMEDIES* ELECTIVES	3 11-13	ELECTIVES	13-16
	_		
TOTAL HOURS	14-16	Total Hours	13-16

Your elective selections must include courses that satisfy the Rigorous Writing Requirement and the Professional Skills Requirement. This can be accomplished in the second or third year.

Full-time students generally graduate in three (3) years attending only in the fall and spring.

<sup>\*</sup> This course is only required for students who began law school in the Fall 2006 or later.

## **PART-TIME**

1 <sup>ST</sup> YEAR FALL SEMESTER		1 <sup>st</sup> Year Spring Semester	
CONTRACTS I LEGAL RESEARCH & WRITING I TORTS I	3 3 3	CONTRACTS II LEGAL RESEARCH & WRITING II TORTS II	3 3 2
TOTAL HOURS	9	TOTAL HOURS	8
2 <sup>nd</sup> Year Fall Semester		2 <sup>ND</sup> YEAR SPRING SEMESTER	
CIVIL PROCEDURE I PROPERTY I CRIMINAL LAW TOTAL HOURS	3 3 — 9	CIVIL PROCEDURE II PROPERTY II BUSINESS ASSOCIATIONS TOTAL HOURS	2 3 4 —
3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Fall Semester		3 <sup>rd</sup> Year Spring Semester	
CONSTITUTIONAL LAW I EVIDENCE ELECTIVE(S)	3 4 2-4	CONSTITUTIONAL LAW II PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY ELECTIVE(S)	3 3 3-5
TOTAL HOURS	9-11	Total Hours	9-11
4 <sup>th</sup> Year Fall Semester		4 <sup>th</sup> Year Spring Semester	
REMEDIES* ELECTIVES	3 6-8	ELECTIVES	9-11
TOTAL HOURS	— 9-11	Total Hours	— 9-11

Your elective selections must include courses that satisfy the Rigorous Writing Requirement and the Professional Skills Requirement. This can be accomplished in the third or fourth year.

Part-time students generally graduate in four (4) years attending every fall and spring and three (3) summers. It will take part-time students five (5) years if no summer courses are taken.

<sup>\*</sup> This course is only required for students who began law school in the Fall 2006 or later.

## **ELECTIVE SEQUENCING**

The following list sets out when certain courses are usually scheduled for second, third and fourth-year students. Not all upper-class courses are available to all second, third and fourth-year students during each semester. The law school tries to maintain the availability of as many of these courses as possible in the groupings listed below. True availability, though, is a function of the actual scheduling of the days and times of meeting, and that changes from semester to semester, depending on faculty and classroom availability. This means that students wishing to take a sequence of courses in a particular subject area need to monitor the schedule and take courses at the first available time period -- especially if the course is only offered every other year.

Courses in *italics* usually will be offered every other year at the time indicated; otherwise courses will be offered every year during that same semester. Courses marked \* may be offered as a seminar.

## FALL & SPRING

Elder Law Clinic
Externship
Family Violence Clinic
Independent Study
Law Review
Mediation Clinic
Moot Court Competition Team
Trial Competition Team

## **SUMMER**

Animal Law (even)
Administrative Law (even)
Environmental Law (even)
Externship
Health Law (even)
Insurance Law (even)
Products Liability
Public Interest Law (even)
Real Estate Practice (odd)
Sales (odd)
Trial Advocacy
Worker's Compensation (odd)

## **FALL**

Advanced Torts\*
Bankruptcy

Children's Rights\* (odd)

Civil Rights\*

Comparative Constitutional Law\* (even)

Corporate Governance (odd)

Current Topics in Criminal Law\* (even)

Criminal Procedure
Dispute Resolution Process
Environmental Law (odd)
Estate Planning (odd)
Federal Income Tax

Family Law

Gospel Jurisprudence\* (odd)

Insurance Law

Jurisprudence\* (even)

Land Planning

Law & Christian Theology\* (odd)

Legal Drafting

Legal Ethics in the New Millennium (even)

Legislation Pre-Trial Practice Products Liability (odd)

Professional Malpractice (even)
Religion & the Constitution\* (even)

Remedies

Secured Transactions

Trial Advocacy for Competition

Trial Competition

## **SPRING**

Advanced Legal Research Administrative Law (odd)

Antitrust (even)

Appellate Advocacy (even)

Arbitration
Conflict of Laws
Criminal Practice
Elder Law\* (even)
Employment Law
Federal Courts

Freedom of Expression\*

Gaming Law\* (even)

Health Law (odd)

Intellectual Property\* (odd) International Law\* (odd)

Interviewing Counseling & Negotiation

Law Office Management (even)
Litigation Technology (even)

Mediation Clinic Negotiable Instruments Public Interest Law (odd)

Race, Poverty & the Death Penalty\* (odd)

Real Estate Practice (even)

Sales

Securities Regulation Smart Growth\* (even) Sports Law\* (odd)

Taxation of Business Enterprises (even)

Trial Advocacy Wills & Trusts

Worker's Compensation (even)

## **ELECTIVE COURSES**

## Administrative Law (8371) (Spring -- odd numbered years; Summer -- even numbered years)

This course studies the relationship of administrative agencies to the legislative, executive, and judicial branches of the government in the American system of constitutional government, with a particular emphasis on judicial review of agency actions. The powers of administrative agencies are addressed with indepth treatment of the rulemaking process and procedural rights in hearings before administrative agencies.

## Advanced Legal Research (7247) (Spring)

Team-taught by the professional law librarians, this course features advanced classroom and hands-on instruction. The course will cover electronic database and Internet research, case law, statutory research, federal legislative history, administrative law, law periodicals, treatises and other secondary sources, practice aids, and news and interdisciplinary research. It is recommended that this course be taken prior to or in conjunction with a seminar, law review, or employment as a faculty research assistant. This course fulfills the Professional Skills Requirement.

## **Advanced Torts Seminar (8257) (Fall)**

This course is a seminar on tort topics that provoke public debate or involve timely public issues. Various topics will be suggested, such as class action abuse and constitutional limitations on civil damages, but students are strongly encouraged to choose a topic of interest to them after consulting with the professor.

## Animal Law (8266, 8337) (Summer – even numbered years)

This course in animal law will introduce students to those principles, rules, and regulations -- as developed by common law and from statute -- that affect animals. Starting with a summary of historical origins, the course will examine such laws in their philosophical, scientific, and practical underpinnings, and from a variety of differing perspectives, exploring how the law has treated animals in the past and may treat them in the future, both locally and nationally. From the foundational (How are animals defined? Can animals have standing? Are animals property?) to the pragmatic (What procedural obstacles might confront claims made on behalf of animals? What substantive constraints might prosecuting an animal cruelty case entail?) the course will address diverse questions and answers

in such areas as contract, tort and constitutional law; protections under criminal and civil statutes; cruelty and abuse laws; legal standing for animals; treatment of laboratory animals; ownership and valuation issues; custody areas; and ethical and legal dilemmas posed by the capture, confinement, and commercial use of animals.

## **Antitrust (8331) (Spring -- even numbered years)**

This course examines how the antitrust laws regulate the private economic behavior of market participants. The course will cover federal antitrust laws including the Sherman Antitrust Act, the Clayton Act and the Federal Trade Commission Act. The course will examine cases on topics such as monopolization, predatory pricing, vertical restraints, price fixing and territorial allocations.

## Appellate Advocacy (7360) (Spring -even numbered years)

This course is an in-depth study of the appellate process, including historical and comparative viewpoints; preservation of the record on appeal; post-trial motions; appellate procedure; research and preparation of briefs; argument, including communication theory; administrative appeals; rehearing; and petitions for certiorari.

## **Arbitration (8319) (Spring)**

This course is a study of the principles and attendant laws governing the arbitration process. Students are given a history of the arbitration process and its current applications. Up-to-date case and statutory law on arbitration are discussed in light of recent developments in the uses of this process to control contract disputes. The course will cover the ramifications of the use of arbitration as a forum choice.

## Bankruptcy (8375) (Fall)

This is a study of courts of bankruptcy; acts of bankruptcy; voluntary and involuntary bankruptcy; bankruptcy process, pleading, schedules, and adjudication; debts, dischargeable and not dischargeable in bankruptcy; appointment of receivers and trustees; granting and revocation of discharges in bankruptcy; administration of the bankrupt's estate; and pertinent provisions of the Uniform Commercial Code.

## Children's Rights (8253, 8374) (Fall -- odd numbered years)

This course focuses on the relationship between children, families, and the state, with particular emphasis on the juvenile justice system and delinquency, child abuse and neglect, foster care of dependent children, and the educational rights of disabled children. The special ethical considerations of representing children will also be covered.

## **Civil Rights (8254, 8324) (Fall)**

This course is a seminar on various aspects of civil rights including, but not limited to, issues of voting, employment, public accommodations, housing and other realms of public interest.

## **Comparative Constitutional Law (8263) (Fall -- even numbered years)**

This course examines and compares the fundamental constitutional structures and institutions of the United States, Canada, France, Germany, the United Kingdom, and the European Union. Other nations' systems may also be studied depending on the interests of the students who have enrolled in the course. The course may be offered for two or three hours of credit.

## **Corporate Governance (9301) (Fall -- odd numbered years)**

This course examines legal issues arising in connection with the governance systems and processes applicable to publicly-traded corporations. Topics that will be explored include auditor and director independence, internal controls, corporate investigations, the role of shareholders, comparative governance, the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, New York Stock Exchange Rules and rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

## Conflict of Laws (8378) (Spring)

This course examines the principles guiding the courts in deciding which state's law to apply when dealing with a legal controversy in which there are elements involving more than one state. The general subject of jurisdiction is considered. The remainder of the course is concerned with an analysis of choice-of-law problems.

## Criminal Procedure (7341) (Fall)

This course surveys issues pertaining to the pre-trial stages of criminal prosecution, from the criminal investigation through arrest, including state and federal constitutional principles and procedural rules. Topics considered include the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Amendments such as: search and seizure, privileges, right to counsel, and confessions.

## **Criminal Practice (8325) (Spring)**

This course will cover the prosecution of a criminal case beginning with the decision to prosecute through appeal. Subjects to be covered include, the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, as well as Fifth, Sixth and Eighth Amendment issues such as: preliminary hearings, bail, pleas and plea bargaining, jury selection, fair trials, sentencing and judgment, double jeopardy and post conviction relief.

## **Current Issues in Criminal Law (8252) (Fall -- even numbered years)**

This seminar deals with various current "hot" topic issues in Criminal law and procedure.

## **Dispute Resolution Processes (7347) (Fall)**

This is a survey course covering all of the non-litigation dispute resolution processes. Students are required to take an active part in class exercises and role-plays.

## Elder Law (8260) (Spring -- even numbered years)

This course exposes students to a variety of legal topics that impact the elderly. Selected topics include an overview of elder law practice and ethical problems; Medicare benefits and procedure advocacy; Social Security old-age benefits and procedure advocacy; Social Security disability benefits; long-term health care financing options; Medicaid planning, including banking and trusts; estate planning; substitute decision making; elder abuse; patients' rights, including right to die and nursing home patients' rights.

## Elder Law Clinic (#3##) (Fall, Spring)

The Elder Law Clinic at Faulkner University's Thomas Goode Jones School of Law provides opportunities for law students to represent and counsel low-income, elderly citizens in Montgomery, Autauga and Elmore counties. Second and Third Year law students counsel and represent clients with diverse legal needs: guardianships and custody matters, advanced directives, powers of attorney, wills and trusts, estate planning, benefit applications, appeals from benefit denials, retirement solutions, elder abuse and medical decision making. The Elder Law Clinic also provides public information programs on federal and state benefits, long-term care solutions, nursing home and skilled nursing facility standards, age discrimination, elder abuse, grandparental custody, medical decision making and end-of-life issues. The Elder Law Clinic works in cooperation with Legal Services Alabama and the Alabama Department of Senior Services.

## **Employment Law (8387) (Spring)**

This course is a study of the legal regulation of the employment relationship, including protection against discrimination, minimum standards of compensation and safety, systems of compensation for injured and unemployed workers, and the concept of employment at will.

## Environmental Law (8381) (Fall -- odd numbered years; Summer -- even numbered years)

This course consists of an analysis of the ends and means of environmental protection through study of statutes, administrative regulations and practices, and judicial decisions treating the protection of the environment in the United States. Topics may include statutes that regulate pollution emissions (e.g., Clean Air Act, Clean Water Act); procedural requirements (e.g., National Environmental Policy Act, California Environmental Quality Act); administrative law (e.g., standing, standards of judicial review); hazardous and toxic substances and wastes; risk assessment and management; natural resources and wildlife conservation; enforcement and liability; and environmental justice. The course may also examine the ecological, ethical, economic, scientific, and political rationales for laws protecting the environment.

## Estate Planning (8382) (Fall -- odd numbered years)

This course consists of an overview of the estate planning process, including considerations entering into the structure and completion of an estate plan. The course includes a discussion of the information gathering process and the preparation of various estate planning documents, such as wills, trusts, and

durable powers of attorney. The course also includes a consideration of the various methods which may be used to reduce estate taxes for the client, both through lifetime and testamentary planning.

## Externship (8108, 8229, 8309, 8409) (Fall, Spring, Summer)

Externs earn academic credit while working part-time in government or non-profit legal institutions. Externs work under the supervision of qualified and experienced practicing attorneys who provide guidance and training in professional lawyering skills. The offering includes a classroom component that covers topics relating to the legal system, judicial process, and professionalism. To register for this offering, consent of the instructor is required.

## Family Law (7342) (Fall)

This course is an overview of the legal relationships created by family associations. Particular emphasis is placed on the relationships between parents and child and between husband and wife. Other topics include the nature of marriage, separation, divorce, adoption, and emancipation.

## Family Violence Clinic (7246, 7372) (Fall, Spring)

Students with limited-practice cards will interview clients, provide advice, prepare pleadings, and represent clients in court proceedings. Students without their cards will assist in case preparation and research. Operating in conjunction with Legal Services Corporation of Alabama and the Sunshine Center, the clinic provides pro bono services for clients unable to pay for representation.

## Federal Courts (8383) (Spring)

This course examines the nature and role of the federal court system within the American constitutional system of government. Particular emphasis is placed on the power of Congress to create courts and allocate jurisdiction, the power of the Supreme Court to establish federal rules of court, the relationship of federal and state jurisdiction, the application of choice of law principles in federal courts, the development of federal common law, and alternative bases of federal jurisdiction, including habeas corpus jurisdiction.

## Federal Income Tax (7373) (Fall)

This course is a study of the basic laws relating to federal income taxation, including problems relating to items included in or excluded form gross income, deductions, credits, recognition and character of gains and losses from disposition of property, and timing issues.

## Freedom of Expression (8262) (Spring)

This course is a study of the history and theory of the constitutional doctrine of freedom of expression. The study will center on the Speech and Press Clauses of the First Amendment. Subjects to be considered include advocacy of unlawful conduct, symbolic expression, obscenity and pornography, defamation, commercial speech, hate speech, and invasion of privacy.

## Gaming Law Seminar (8258) (Spring -- even numbered years)

This course is an in-depth study of the current issues relating to gambling including gaming distinctions and gambling regulations. The course will examine the interrelationship between state and federal gambling laws. Other topics include tribal gambling, charitable gambling, the marketing of games and lotteries, internet gambling and criminality of games.

## Gospel Jurisprudence (8250, 8327) (Fall -- odd numbered years)

This course examines issues of jurisprudence in the light of the gospel of Jesus Christ. Specific topics vary from year to year. Topics within the scope f the seminar include positivism, the natural law tradition, legal implications of biomedical technology, life, death, sex, animal law, Biblical law, and religious liberty. Each student will select a topic, write a paper, and present the paper in class.

## Health Law (8247, 8384) (Spring -- odd numbered years; Summer -- even numbered years)

This course investigates the major legal issues arising in health care delivery, not merely physician malpractice but also corporate malpractice, economic credentialing, peer review, utilization review, quality assurance, Medicare fraud and abuse, tax exempt status for hospitals, joint ventures, managed care, antitrust, AIDS, ADA, reproductive rights, the right to die, various federal OBRAS and COBRAS, and ERISA.

## Independent Study (8107, 8236, 8385) (Fall, Spring, Summer)

This is independent research and production of a scholarly paper, under the supervision of a member of the faculty.

## Insurance Law (8386) (Fall; Summer -- even numbered years)

This course is a study of fundamental legal principles relating to various types of first-party and liability insurance contracts, focusing on property, life, health, automobile and commercial and professional liability policies. Topics include rules of insurance contract construction; doctrines governing applications for insurance and representations made by the applicant; statutory and administrative regulation of insurance; and various issues arising in particular types of insurance.

## **Intellectual Property (8242, 8320) (Spring -- odd numbered years)**

This course examines procedural and substantive legal issues arising out of trade secrets, trademarks/service marks, and copyrights. The course focuses on the federal and state statutory and common law regulation of intellectual property rights while also focusing on litigation and transactional issues arising out of the registration and enforcement of intellectual property rights.

## **International Law (8251, 8328) (Spring -- odd numbered years)**

This course is an introductory International Law course focusing on the history and development of international law, the fundamental principles of international law, and the role of international institutions. Topics include principles of international law, treaties, conventions and executive agreements, customary law, the International Court of Justice, the United Nations and other international institutions, states and individuals under international law, the Law of Armed Conflict, just warfare, and the use of force.

## Interviewing, Counseling, and Negotiation (7349) (Spring)

This course covers the interviewing and counseling of clients, developing and weighing options, and negotiating on behalf of clients. Students are required to take an active part in class exercises and role-plays.

## Jurisprudence (8246, 8323) (Fall -- even numbered years)

Exposing students to the philosophy of law, this course is an examination of the basic principles that underlie our legal system. It is a study of basic schools of jurisprudence, including natural law theory, legal positivism, legal realism, the critical legal studies movement, the law and economics movement, feminist legal theory, critical race theory, and the various strains of Christian legal theory. In keeping with the mission of the law school, the course will approach all of these topics from the standpoint of Biblical truth.

## **Land Planning (8239, 8322) (Fall)**

This course examines the public and private planning and regulation of land. The course specifically focuses on techniques for planning the current use, future use, and intended non-use of land while covering subject matter including Smart Growth regulations, form-based zoning regulations, traditional Euclidean zoning regulations, aesthetic controls, and other regulatory controls which arise out of the planning of land.

The course also examines constitutional and environmental issues facing the public and private planning and regulation of land.

## Law and Christian Theology (8248, 8306) (Fall -- odd numbered years)

This interdisciplinary course examines various Christian theological understandings of law and government. Readings for the course will come from the Bible and from the writings of Christian theologians and jurists, from ancient times to the present day. The readings will address topics such as the origins and purposes of government, the legitimacy of particular forms of government or sources of law, political activity by Christians, nonviolent and violent resistance to law, equality under law, liberty under law, and legal toleration of religious diversity. Students in this course should expect to confront and analyze a number of conflicting Christian perspectives on these issues.

## Law Office Management (8237) (Spring -- even numbered years)

This course is a study of various management and planning techniques applicable to the practical, economic, and ethical aspects of developing and maintaining client relationships and an active law practice.

## Law Review (8109, 8110, 8111, 8112, 8226, 8227, 8228, 8308) (Fall, Spring)

This offering is available only to students selected for membership on the staff of Jones Law Review. Credit is earned upon the basis of performance criteria set forth in the Jones Law Review Constitution.

## Legal Drafting (8316) (Fall)

This course focuses on developing professional writing skills by working with some of the types of writing done by lawyers in their practices. Class projects vary, but will include discussion and drafting of several types of documents such as a lease and a contract, and other projects.

## Legal Ethics in the New Millennium (9302) (Fall -- even numbered years)

This course will explore some of the emerging issues in legal ethics that will affect the practice of law throughout the next decade and beyond. Topics that may be covered include: the impact of information digitization and telecommunications on law practice: multijurisdictional practice of law ("MJP"), and nationalization of bar admission; developments in the delivery of legal services, including pro bono service "obligations," public legal services organizations (and their funding under IOLTA programs), the continued viability of restraints on the unauthorized practice of law, and the operation of prepaid legal services plans; multidisciplinary practice arrangements ("MDP"); specialized problems in conflicts of interest (including screening and consentability); criminal defense ethics; insurance defense ethics; and progressive methods of lawyer regulation.

## Legislation (8321) (Fall)

This course is about American legislative institutions and the processes they employ to consider and enact legislation. The material will deal specifically with the Alabama Legislature at the state level and the United States Congress at the federal level. There is an evolving recognition on the part of most law schools that the education of law students must include an awareness of the significance of statutory lawmaking and a critical understanding of legislative institutions and their processes. The course is designed to provide that knowledge and understanding.

## **Litigation Technology (8241) (Spring -- even numbered years)**

This course teaches students how to apply modern technology to trial preparation, courtroom presentation, and daily law office practice. The course includes faculty and guest lectures, demonstrations with individual on-your-feet exercises, and a field trip to a technically-equipped courtroom.

## **Mediation Clinic (7348) (Spring)**

This is a clinical offering that contains a classroom component as well as "hands on" mediation experiences under the supervision of a faculty member. Students mediate disputes at the Montgomery County District Court and report their experiences during the classroom sessions. The goal of the course is to allow the students to hone their skills as mediators in courtroom settings as well as in the classroom.

## **Moot Court Competition Team (7170, 7243) (Fall, Spring)**

This offering is for students selected by the Director of Advocacy on one of the Law School's interscholastic moot court teams. Students gain expertise in appellate advocacy as they prepare for the competition by researching legal issues presented and preparing an appellate brief. Students also gain experience for and participating in oral arguments at the competition.

## Professional Malpractice (8255, 8317) (Fall -- even numbered years)

The course covers the fundamental procedures and trial techniques followed in professional liability lawsuits, with particular emphasis placed on the law relating to medical and legal professions. This course will analyze and discuss plaintiff's rights and defenses to claims against doctors, hospitals, and drug companies, lawyers, and other professionals.

## **Negotiable Instruments (7350) (Spring)**

Focusing on Articles 3 and 4 of the Uniform Commercial Code, this is the study both of the general principles applicable to promissory notes and drafts and of the special rules for bank deposits and collections. The course also addresses legislation and administrative regulations protecting consumers in connection with negotiable instruments.

## Pre-trial Practice (8312) (Fall)

This is a problem-oriented course focusing on the preparation of a civil case for trial. Topics include initial interview, informal discovery, drafting of pleadings, conduct of formal discovery, motion practice, and preparation of a trial book.

## Products Liability (8393) (Fall -- odd numbered years; Summer)

This course is a study of the sources, development, and limits of the law of products liability. The course examines the historical development of products liability and theories of liability rooted in negligence, contract, strict liability in tort, fraud, warranty, and statute (primarily the Uniform Commercial Code). Particular attention is given to the development of legal definitions of a "product." The course also examines modern trends in products liability jurisprudence. Emphasis is also placed on common litigation problems encountered in products liability cases, including proper parties, proof, use of expert witnesses, and insurance considerations.

## Public Interest Law (8313) (Spring -- odd numbered years; Summer -- even numbered years)

This course has three components. The first focuses on theories and challenges of public interest lawyering, including issues of income distribution, racism, the relationship between legal and non-legal problems of the poor, discrimination in general, and various definitions of the public interest. The second focuses on substantive doctrines that relate to selected problems of public interest law. The third focuses on public interest lawyering skills.

## Race Poverty and the Death Penalty (#2##) (Spring – odd numbered years)

This course is an in-depth study of the interrelationship of poverty, race, and the death penalty. The course will focus particularly upon issues of ineffective assistance of counsel for indigent defendants and racial discrimination both conscious and unconscious in capital cases.

## Real Estate Practice (8330) (Spring -- even numbered years; Summer -- odd numbered years)

A course in the practical application of real property law covering deeds, mortgages, leases, land contracts, real estate closings, and all forms of conveyances. Drafting and analyzing of real property documents.

## Religion and the Constitution (8264) (Fall -- even numbered years)

This course is a study of the three Religion Clauses of the Constitution: the Religious Tests Clause of Art. VI, and the Establishment and Free Exercise Clauses of the First Amendment. The course will address the history and theory of the Religion Clauses as well as their interpretation by the U.S. Supreme Court. Students will apply constitutional law and theory to topics such as religious exercises in public schools, religiously motivated legislation, governmental funding of churches and religious schools, governmental regulation of private religious activities, political involvement by religious groups, and governmental promotion of religious ideas.

## Sales (7244, 7338) (Spring; Summer -- odd numbered years)

Focusing on Article 2 of the Uniform Commercial Code, this course is the study of the sale of goods, including seller's warranties, risk of loss, and remedies. The course also introduces the student to Article 2A (lease of goods) and to the international treaty dealing with the sale of goods.

## Secured Transactions (7344) (Fall)

This course covers Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code. It deals with effectiveness of security agreements, attachment of security interests, categories of collateral, perfection and priority of security interests, rights of third parties, and enforcement of security interests in cases of the debtor's default.

## **Securities Regulation (8395) (Spring -- odd numbered years)**

This course involves the study of the federal securities laws and the regulation of the nation's securities markets. The course will explore the Securities Act of 1933, which governs the registration of securities, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which governs the trading of securities. The course will examine the potential civil liabilities that may arise under both Acts, such a liability for fraud and insider trading.

## **Smart Growth Seminar (8259) (Spring -- even numbered years)**

This course involves an in-depth examination of the use of Smart Growth regulations to plan the current use, future use, and intended non-use of land. The course focuses on the regulatory and Constitutional issues arising out of the use of Smart Growth regulations and further provides an examination of how Smart Growth regulations contrast with traditional Euclidean zoning regulations. The course involves a detailed comparison of different federal, regional, state, and local methods of engaging in Smart Growth regulation.

## Sports Law (8244, 8307) (Spring -- odd numbered years)

This course examines legal issues arising from professional and amateur sports, with particular emphasis on contract disputes, tort liability, agency questions, collective bargaining, and the implications of antitrust law. The sources of the relevant law include the common law, federal and state statutes, and administrative regulations.

## **Taxation of Business Enterprises (8332) (Spring -- even numbered years)**

This course examines federal income tax laws affecting the acquisition, operation, and disposition of business enterprises and assets, with particular attention to the taxation of corporations, shareholders, partnerships and partners.

## Trial Advocacy (7368) (Spring; Summer)

This is a practice-oriented course intended to develop the students' legal skills in the trial setting. The course emphasizes preparation of witnesses, jury selection, opening statements, presentation of evidence, examination of witnesses, and closing arguments.

## **Trial Advocacy for Competition (7374)**

This is a practice-oriented course intended to develop the students' legal skills in the trial setting. The course emphasizes preparation of witnesses, opening statements, presentation of evidence, examination of witnesses and closing arguments. The purpose of this intensive trial advocacy course is to prepare students to compete in regional and national trial competitions.

## **Trial Competition (7167) (Fall)**

One hour of credit may be earned by participating in this intra-school Trial Competition. Students are given a case file in early August; the competition is typically completed during the first half of the fall semester. All students prepare both sides of a case and try the case a minimum of three times. Some of the trials are held on weekends. Participating in Trial Competition makes a student eligible for being considered for selection for the law school's trial team that competes against trial teams from other law schools.

## Trial Competition Team (7242, 7371) (Fall; Spring)

This offering is for students selected for one of the school's trial teams. They gain experience in various aspects of trial work as they prepare for and participate in competition against teams from other law schools.

## Wills and Trusts (7437) (Spring)

This course examines intestate succession; the essential elements and formalities for making, revoking, or altering a will; will contests; and the administration of estates. The course also explores the character, creation, validity and use of trusts; types of trusts; rights, duties and liabilities of settlors, trustees, beneficiaries, and third parties; fiduciary administration; settlement and distribution; remedies of beneficiaries; and tax, real property, and future interest considerations, including the rule against perpetuities, in connection with wills and trusts.

## Worker's Compensation (8256, 8329) (Spring -- even numbered years; Summer -- odd numbered years)

This course surveys the law relevant to the practice of Worker's Compensation law and covers topics from forms, pleadings, procedures and appeals to issues of accidents, occupational diseases and the relationship between tort law and worker's compensation law.

## **Curriculum Inventory**

The following courses have been offered in the past and may be offered again in the future however, they have not been offered for the last two years and/or there is no set sequencing schedule for these courses. They may be added at any time. Students should not expect that any course on this list will be offered.

- (1) Admiralty Law
- (2) Advanced Legal Research and Writing
- (3) Alabama Civil Procedure
- (4) Alabama Constitutional Law
- (5) Banking Law
- (6) Estate and Gift Tax
- (7) Federal Crimes
- (8) Gender and the Law
- (9) Military Justice
- (10) Toxic Torts

## **COURSE CLUSTERS**

The guide below lists courses recommended by the faculty's curriculum committee and gives details about the sequencing of courses within particular fields of law.

## **ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR)**

These courses detail alternative methods of settling disputes other than through a trial. Students may earn a Certificate in Dispute Resolution upon completion of the fifteen hours in the courses listed below. The Certificate in Dispute Resolution is not a supplemental degree, but an opportunity for students to highlight their knowledge of conflict management principles and dispute resolution processes.

## **Foundational Courses:**

Dispute Resolution Processes (3 hours) Administrative Law (3 hours)

## **Advanced Courses:**

Interviewing, Counseling & Negotiation (3 hours) Mediation Clinic (3 hours) Arbitration (3 hours)

## For a certificate in Dispute Resolution the following courses are required:

Dispute Resolution Processes (3 hours)
Arbitration (3 hours)
Mediation Clinic (3 hours)
Interviewing, Counseling & Negotiation (3 hours)
A skills elective such as Externship (1, 2 or 3 hours)

## CHILD ADVOCACY

The Child Advocacy cluster is designed for students who are interested in careers as advocates for children in delinquency, abuse and neglect, custody, and education cases.

### **Foundational Course**

Family Law (3 hours)

### **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Children's Rights Seminar (2 or 3 hours)
Family Violence Clinic (2 or 3 hours)
Interviewing Counseling and Negotiation (3 hours)

## **CRIMINAL PRACTICE**

Prosecutors and criminal defense lawyers play vital roles in the criminal justice system and shape the criminal regulation of individual and corporate behavior in a free society. Courses in the criminal practice area prepare students for future careers as prosecutors, defense counsel and judges in the juvenile justice system and the criminal justice system.

## **Foundational Courses:**

Children's Rights (2 or 3 hours)
Legal Drafting (3 hours)
Criminal Procedure (3 hours)
Criminal Practice (3 hours)
Trial Advocacy (3 hours)
Litigation Technology (2 hours)
Interviewing, Counseling and Negotiation (3 hours)

## **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Appellate Advocacy (3 hours) Current Issues in Criminal Law (2 hours) Federal Crimes (3 hours) Military Justice (3 hours)

## **ENTERTAINMENT LAW**

The field of Entertainment Law provides diverse and opportunities for representing clients with creative and/or athletic talent as well as representing the employers of that talent and companies that engage that talent for their services.

The Entertainment Law Cluster is designed to expose students to the areas of law they may encounter while representing these types of clients.

## **Foundational Courses:**

Administrative Law (3 hours) Sports Law (2 hours) Legal Drafting (2 hours)

## **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Admiralty Law (2 hours)
Estate Planning (3 hours)
Employment Law (3 hours)
Gaming Law (2 hours)
Intellectual Property Law (2 hours)

## **ENVIRONMENTAL LAW**

Students concentrating on courses in Environmental Law seek in-depth analysis of environmental protection through the study of statutes, administrative regulations and practices, and judicial decisions treating the protection of the environment in the United States. "Particular Interest" courses offer specialized training for applications in land use with a discussion of environmental issues affecting those uses. This Course Cluster provides basic preparation for students considering an environmental law practice.

### **Foundational Courses:**

Environmental Law (3 hours)

### **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Administrative Law (3 hours) Land Planning (3 hours) Real Estate Practice (3 hours) Smart Growth Law (2 hours) Toxic Torts (3 hours)

## **GOVERNMENT PRACTICE**

State and federal governments employ significant numbers of lawyers. Government lawyers gain experience in ways not easily replicated in the private sector; many new government lawyers handle cases that are the province of senior partners at private law firms. In addition, government lawyers influence public policy in ways that private attorneys cannot. Courses in the government practice area prepare students for the unique role of government lawyers to represent agencies of the executive and legislative branches of state and federal government.

## **Foundational Courses:**

Pretrial Practice (3 hours)
Trial Advocacy (3 hours)
Administrative Law (3 hours)
Employment Law (3 hours)
Environmental Law (3 hours)
Legal Drafting (3 hours)
Legislation (3 hours)
Interviewing, Counseling and Negotiation (3 hours)

## **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Land Planning (3 hours)
Federal Courts (3 hours)
Appellate Advocacy (3 hours)
Advanced Torts (2 hours)
Civil Rights (2 or 3 hours)
Public Interest Law (3 hours)

## INTERNATIONAL LAW

The International Law Cluster is designed for students who are interested in the interaction between US law and foreign law or who may seek careers representing clients with overseas interests.

### **Foundational Course**

International Law (3 hours)

### **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Comparative Constitutional Law (3 hours) Conflict of Laws (3 hours) Sales (2 hours)

## LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT

The Labor and Employment Cluster is in intended for students who seek careers representing workers or management in administrative and court proceedings including claims for injury, breach of contract, and union/management issues.

## **Foundational Courses**

Employment Law (3 hours) Administrative Law (3 hours)

## **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Arbitration (3 hours)
Workers Compensation (3 hours)

## LAND USE & DEVELOPMENT

As the Southeastern United States grows in population, Alabama is positioned to be a key area for land use and development. Land use lawyers represent municipalities and/or developers. Other areas of law in this cluster include real estate transactions, environmental regulations, and a variety of other administrative agencies.

This cluster will expose students to the many opportunities that these areas present in Alabama and the Southeastern United States in general.

### **Foundational Courses:**

Land Planning & Development (3 hours)

## **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Environmental Law (3 hours)

Administrative Law (3 hours)

Smart Growth Law (2 hours)

Real Estate Practice (3 hours)

## LAW & RELIGION

This track is intended for those who have an interest in the legal issues raised when the government interacts with religion.

## **Foundational:**

Gospel Jurisprudence (2 or 3 hours) Law and Christian Theology (2 or 3 hours) Religion and the Constitution (2 or 3 hours)

### **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Comparative Constitutional Law (2 or 3 hours) Freedom of Expression (2 or 3 hours) Jurisprudence (2 or 3 hours)

## LEGAL RESEARCH AND WRITING

Students concentrating on courses in Legal Research and Writing seek training in advanced writing skills and research methods. This is a practical skills course of study. Completion of this Course Cluster will better prepare students for the general practice of law or a concentration in appellate practice. Students with the skills gained through this Course Cluster will develop skills in drafting documents for transactional work as well.

## **Foundational Courses:**

Advanced Legal Research (2 or 3 hours) Legal Drafting (3 hours) Pre-Trial Practice (3 hours)

### **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Advanced Legal Research & Writing (3 hours) Appellate Advocacy (3 hours) Law Review (1, 2 or 3 hours) Moot Court Competition Team (1 or 2 hours)

## **LITIGATION SKILLS**

Whether a lawyer is a defense counsel or plaintiff's counsel, the various phases of a litigated matter represent prime practice areas for students. The Litigation Skills Cluster exposes students to these various phases by providing both theoretical and practical learning and training in each area.

## **Foundational Courses:**

Dispute Resolution Process (3 hours) Pre-Trial Practice (3 hours) Trial Advocacy (3 hours)

## **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Administrative Law (3 hours)
Advanced Torts Seminar (2 hours)
Appellate Advocacy (3 hours)
Arbitration (3 hours)
Litigation Technology (2 hours)
Moot Court Competition Team (1 or 2 hours)
Products Liability (3 hours)
Trial Competition Team (1, 2 or 3 hours)

## PUBLIC INTEREST LAW

This track is intended for those who are interested in legal issues a lawyer is likely to confront in representing the interests of the poor or members of other marginalized groups, or in representing citizens or public interest groups in claims against the government.

## **Foundational Courses:**

Public Interest Law (3 hours) Civil Rights (2 or 3 hours)

### **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Administrative Law (3 hours)

Children's Rights (2 or 3 hours)

Elder Law (2 hours)

Elder Law Clinic (2 or 3 hours)

Employment Law (3 hours)

Environmental Law (3 hours)

Family Law (3 hours)

Family Violence Clinic (2 or 3 hours)

Freedom of Expression (2 or 3 hours)

Mediation Clinic (3 hours)

Religion and the Constitution (2 or 3 hours)

## **SMALL OFFICE PRACTICE**

Courses in the small office practice area prepare students for the special challenges and opportunities of solo practice or the general practice of law. These courses equip the aspiring general practitioner to handle a wide variety of criminal and civil matters for individuals and small businesses. Importantly, general practitioners must recognize when clients should be referred to legal specialists. Accordingly, these courses also expose students to the different issues that arise in a general practice.

## **Foundational Courses:**

Pretrial Practice (3 hours)
Criminal Procedure (3 hours)
Family Law (3 hours)
Wills and Trusts (4 hours)
Sales (2 hours)
Secured Transactions (3 hours)
Law Office Management (2 hours)
Legal Drafting (3 hours)
Interviewing, Counseling and Negotiation (3 hours)
Federal Income Tax (3 hours)
Children's Rights (2 or 3 hours)

## **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Bankruptcy (3 hours) Estate Planning (3 hours) Trial Advocacy (3 hours) Elder Law (3 hours) Real Estate Practice (3 hours)

## TAX LAW

This track is intended for those who are interested in learning the law of federal or state taxation.

## **Foundational:**

Federal Income Tax (3 hours) Taxation of Business Enterprises (3 hours)

## **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Estate Planning (3 hours) Estate & Gift Tax (3 hours) Wills and Trusts (4 hours)

## TRIAL ADVOCACY

These courses are available for students to hone their advocacy skills. Courtroom presence and preparation are highlighted in these courses. Individuals who hope to be a prosecutor or criminal defense attorney should consider these courses.

## **Foundational Courses:**

Pre-Trial Practice (3 hours) Trial Advocacy (3 hours)

## **Additional Courses for Students with Particular Interests:**

Litigation Technology (2 hours)
Trial Advocacy for Competition (3 hours)
Trial Competition (1 hour)
Trial Competition Team (1, 2 or 3 hours)

## **CO-CURRICULAR PROGRAMS**

The Law School has three distinct co-curricular programs that provide students with opportunities to hone their research, writing and advocacy skills. Each program is time intensive and requires a high level of commitment by the students. Participation in these programs is an honor. Space is limited. If you are interested in any of these areas you should contact the program directors for more information.

## **LAW REVIEW**

Participation in Law Review will help you hone your research and writing abilities and give you opportunities to collaborate with other law students. Staff members receive one credit hour for each semester they serve on the Law Review; additional credit is available for editors of the Law Review.

Membership on the Law Review is competitive. Students are chosen on the basis of grades or on the basis of a writing competition after their first year (for full-time students) or second year (for part-time students). Students invited to join Law Review on the basis of grades must be ranked in the top 15% of their class and have a cumulative grade point average of 2.75 or higher; they must also complete a citation and proofreading exercise. Students who write-on must be ranked in the top 50% of their class, write a paper, and complete the citation and proofreading exercise.

## **ADVOCACY PROGRAMS**

## **BOARD OF ADVOCATES**

The Law School's Board of Advocates is a student organization composed of second and third year law students dedicated to development of pre-trial (including client-counseling, mediation, arbitration and negotiation), trial and appellate advocacy skills. Membership criteria and duties of Board of Advocate members are contained in the Constitution and Bylaws of the Board of Advocates and available, upon request, from the Director of Advocacy Programs.

## INTRASCHOLASTIC ADVOCACY COMPETITIONS

## Faulkner's First Year Moot Court Competition

All first year students (day and evening) are eligible to participate in an intra-school moot court competition in the spring semester of their first year as part of Legal Research and Writing II. First-year students will prepare an appellate brief and participate in competitive appellate oral arguments. Awards will be given to the best brief and the best advocate in the competition.

## J. Greg Allen Mock Trial Competition

Every fall the law school hosts the J. Greg Allen Mock Trial Competition. This tournament is open to JSL students who have completed trial advocacy. The tournament is traditionally held the last week in August. Awards will be given to the best two teams and the best advocate.

## **INTERSCHOLASTIC ADVOCACY COMPETITIONS**

The law school's advocacy programs provide numerous opportunities for second and third year students to hone their advocacy skills in national trial, appellate and alternate-dispute resolution advocacy competitions. Students selected to participate in interscholastic advocacy events will represent the law school in competitions against law students from around the country.

Participation in the law school's interscholastic advocacy program is limited to students selected by the Director of Advocacy Programs. Applications are solicited in March/April of each year. As part of the application process, students may be required to participate in a formal try-out. All law students in good academic standing are eligible to apply for a position on one of the law school's advocacy teams.

For more information regarding any of the law school's advocacy programs please see Professor McFarland.

## **PROFESSIONAL SKILLS COURSES**

The purpose of the Professional Skills Requirement is to give each student a challenging experience in the development of professional skills that prepare students for the practice of law. "Professional skills" means skills that are generally regarded as necessary for effective and responsible participation in the legal profession.

The Professional Skills Requirement may be satisfied by the successful completion of any of the following courses:

(1)	Advanced Legal Research	(Spring)
(2)	Appellate Advocacy	(Spring)
(3)	Arbitration	(Spring)
(4)	Dispute Resolution Processes	(Fall)
(5)	Elder Law Clinic	(Fall & Spring)
(6)	Externship	(Fall, Spring & Summer)
(7)	Family Violence Clinic	(Fall & Spring)
(8)	Interviewing, Counseling, and Negotiation	(Spring)
(9)	Legal Drafting	(Fall)
(10)	Litigation Technology	(Spring even)
(11)	Mediation Clinic	(Spring)
(12)	Pre-trial Practice	(Fall)
(13)	Trial Advocacy	(Spring & Summer)
(14)	Trial Advocacy for Competition	(Fall)

## **SEMINARS**

The Law School offers a wide variety of special seminars. A seminar provides a small group learning environment conducive to the development of lawyering skills through legal writing and class participation. Most students will satisfy the Rigorous Writing Requirement with the substantive paper written in a seminar. The following list of seminars is a guide as to when particular seminars will most likely be offered, but actual offerings in a given semester may vary.

The law school offers the following seminars:

(1)	Advanced Torts	(Fall)
(2)	Children's Rights	(Fall odd)
(3)	Civil Rights	(Fall)
(4)	Comparative Constitutional Law	(Fall even)
(5)	Current Topics in Criminal Law	(Fall even)
(6)	Elder Law	(Spring even)
(7)	Freedom of Expression	(Spring)
(8)	Gaming Law	(Spring even)
(9)	Gospel Jurisprudence	(Fall odd)
(10)	Intellectual Property	(Spring odd)
(11)	International Law	(Spring odd)
(12)	Jurisprudence	(Fall even)
(13)	Law & Christian Theology	(Fall odd)
(14)	Race, Poverty & the Death Penalty	(Spring odd)
(15)	Religion & the Constitution	(Fall even)
(16)	Smart Growth	(Spring even)
(17)	Sports Law	(Spring odd)

## **CLINICS**

The Law School offers three clinics: the Mediation Clinic, the Family Violence Clinic and the Elder Law Clinic. Clinical study is a unique opportunity for students to practice law with real clients in real courts. Clinical students apply theory to practice and are responsible for interviewing clients, evaluating claims, conducting investigation and discovery, preparing legal documents and pleadings, mediating disputes, counseling clients and litigating in area courts. The Clinics provide unparalleled opportunities for law students to obtain real-world, hands-on experience and preparation for the practice of law.

## **ELDER LAW CLINIC**

The Elder Law Clinic offers opportunities for law students to represent low-income, elderly citizens in area counties. Law students counsel clients with diverse legal needs: guardianships and custody matters, advanced directives, powers of attorney, wills and trusts, estate planning, benefit applications, appeals from benefit denials, retirement solutions, elder abuse and medical decision making. The Elder Law Clinic also provides public information programs on federal and state benefit programs, long-term care solutions, nursing home and skilled nursing facility standards, age discrimination, elder abuse, grandparental custody, medical decision making and end-of-life issues. The Elder Law Clinic works in cooperation with Legal Services Alabama and the Alabama Department of Senior Services. The Elder Law Clinic promotes the school's mission to serve those neglected or in need and provides valuable, hands-on practice to prepare students for the profession.

The Elder Law Clinic is a three hour, Pass/D/Fail course, and it satisfies the Professional Skills Requirement. The prerequisites for taking this offering are Civil Procedure I & II, Contracts I & II, Legal Research and Writing I & II, Property I & II and Torts I & II. Also, students must have completed or must take simultaneously with the Elder Law Clinic at least one of the following courses: Evidence, Wills & Trusts, Administrative Law, Estate Planning, Federal Income Tax, Family Law or Insurance Law. Students eligible for limited-practice cards must obtain such a card for clinic practice.

## **FAMILY VIOLENCE CLINIC**

The Law School's Family Violence Clinic offers students the opportunity to represent live clients in area courts to seek protection from domestic violence. In cooperation with an area abuse shelter, students litigate *pro bono* on behalf of people in abusive family relationships to obtain orders that enable these survivors to find safety, to protect their children and to establish more peaceful lives. The Family Violence Clinic promotes the school's mission to relieve the oppressed and abused, and it provides valuable, practical real-world experience to prepare new lawyers for the courtroom.

The Family Violence Clinic is a two or three-hour, Pass/D/Fail course, and, when taken for three hours, it satisfies the Professional Skills Requirement. Prerequisites for taking this course for 2 hours are Civil Procedure I & II, Contracts I & II, Legal Research and Writing I & II, Property I & II and Torts I & II. Additional prerequisites for taking the offering for three hours of credit are Evidence and qualification for a limited-practice card.

## **MEDIATION CLINIC**

In the Mediation Clinic, students learn the theory and practice of mediation and alternative dispute resolution, then mediate cases at the Montgomery County District Court and report their experiences during the classroom sessions. The goal of this course is to allow the students to hone their skills as mediators in courtroom settings as well as in the classroom. The Mediation Clinic is a three-hour, Pass/D/Fail course, and it satisfies the Professional Skills Requirement. This clinic is open to second, third and fourth-year students.

## **ALABAMA BAR EXAM**

The following information comes from the National Conference of Bar Examiners (www.ncbex.org) and the Alabama State Bar (www.alabar.org). While the information is believed to be correct, it should be used for general guidance only. Contact the Alabama State Bar directly for authoritative information.

The Alabama Bar Exam consists of five parts. The Multi-state Professional Responsibility Examination (MPRE), Multi-state Performance Test (MPT), Multi-state Essay Examination (MEE), Multi-state Bar Examination (MBE), and the Alabama Essay Examination. An applicant must pass all five parts before being licensed to practice law in Alabama.

The Multi-state Professional Responsibility Examination (MPRE) is a sixty-question, two-hour and five minute, multiple-choice examination administered three times each year. Students will take Professional Responsibility in their second or third year and after completing that course students can take the MPRE. It is highly recommended that students pass the MPRE before sitting for the bar in February or July. Applicants must pass the Multi-state Professional Responsibility Examination (MPRE) with a passing scaled score of 75. The MPRE must also be taken within twelve (12) months of the Bar Exam.

The remaining four sections of the Bar Exam process are given all at once twice a year: February and July. Students must graduate law school before sitting for this portion of the Bar Exam.

The Alabama bar exam, a 3-day exam, consists of two 90-minute Multi-state Performance Test (MPT) problems (10% of total score), the Multi-state Essay Examination (MEE) (20%), the Multi-state Bar Examination (MBE) (50%), and the Alabama Essay Examination (20%). The successful applicant must achieve a combined scaled score of 128.

The Multi-state Performance Test (MPT) consists of two 90-minute skills questions covering legal analysis, fact analysis, problem solving, resolution of ethical dilemmas, organization and management of a lawyering task, and communication.

The Multi-state Essay Examination (MEE) is a collection of 30-minute essay questions and is administered by participating jurisdictions on the Tuesday before the last Wednesday in February and July of each year. The MEE has traditionally offered seven questions per examination, with most jurisdictions selecting six questions from the seven. Areas of law that may be covered on the MEE include the following: Business Associations (Agency and Partnership; Corporations and Limited Liability Companies), Conflict of Laws, Constitutional Law, Contracts, Criminal Law and Procedure, Evidence, Family Law, Federal Civil Procedure, Real Property, Torts, Trusts and Estates (Decedents' Estates; Trusts and Future Interests), and Uniform Commercial Code

(Commercial Paper (Negotiable Instruments); Secured Transactions). Some questions may include issues in more than one area of law.

The Multi-state Bar Examination (MBE) is a six-hour, two-hundred question multiplechoice examination covering contracts, torts, constitutional law, criminal law, evidence, and real property.

The Alabama Essay Examination is a three-hour exam that focuses on Alabama Civil Litigation. The questions are taken from six main subject areas: Preliminary Considerations and Litigation Planning; Remedies; Trial, Post-judgment Proceedings, Alabama Appellate Practice and Collateral Issues. Some questions may require analysis of more than one subject area. The particular areas covered will vary from exam to exam.